

NOVEMBER 2, 2017

Business Cycle Index

The BCI at 231.9 is above last week's 230.1, and it is at a new high for this business cycle as indicated by the BCip at 100. Also, the 6-month smoothed annualized growth BCig is at 14.3, which is above last week's 13.5.

No recession is signaled.

NOVEMBER 3, 2017

Market Signals Summary:

The MAC-US model is invested. Also, the "3-mo Hi-Lo Index of the S&P500" generated a buy signal on 10/3/2017 and is invested in the markets. The monthly updated S&P500 Coppock indicator is also invested. The MAC-AU is also invested. The recession indicators COMP and iM-BCIg do not signal a recession. The bond market model avoids high beta (long) bonds, and the yield curve seems to be flattening. Both the gold and silver Coppock models are invested, and the iM-Gold Timer is in gold since 7/10/2017.

Stock-markets:

The [MAC-US](#) model generated a buy-signal 4/5/2016 and thus is invested in the stock-markets. The sell-spread (red graph) is above last week's level and has to fall below zero to signal a sell.

The [3-mo Hi-Lo Index](#) of the S&P500 is above last week's level at 12.04% (last week 11.44%) and is out of the market since 8/22/2017.

The MAC-AU model is invested in the markets after it generated a buy signal on March 21, 2016. The sell-spread is above last week's level and has to fall below zero to signal a sell. This model and its application is described in [MAC-Australia: A Moving Average Crossover System for Superannuation Asset Allocations](#).

Recession:

Figure 3 shows the COMP near last week's level. No recession is indicated. COMP can be used for stock market exit timing as discussed in this article [The Use of Recession Indicators in Stock Market Timing](#).

Figure 3.1 shows the recession indicator iM-BCI_g which is up from last week's level. An imminent recession is not signaled. Please also refer to the [BCI page](#)

The Forward Rate Ratio between the 2-year and 10-year U.S. Treasury yields (FRR2-10) is below last week's level and far away from signalling a recession. The FRR2-10 is trending downwards. A description of this indicator can be [found here](#).

Bond-market:

The [BVR-model](#) avoids high beta bonds (long-bonds) and also intermediate duration bonds.

The Bond Value Ratio is shown in Fig 4. The BVR is above last week's level. According to the model, only when BVR turns upward after having been lower than the lower offset-line should one consider long bonds again.

The Yield Curve:

The [yield curve model](#) indicates the trend of the 10-year and 2-year Treasuries yield spread. Figure 5 charts (i10 – i2) shows that the yield curve's trend seems to be flattening. A buy FLAT signal was generated on 2/8/2017. FLAT and STPP are ETNs; STPP profits from a steepening yield curve and FLAT increases in value when the yield curve flattens. This model confirms the direction of the BVR.

Gold:

The modified Coppock Gold indicator shown in Fig 6. This model generated a new buy signal early November 2016 and is invested in gold. This indicator is described in [Is it Time to Buy Gold Again? – Wait for the buy signal](#)

The [iM GOLD-TIMER Rev-1](#) is invested in gold since 7/10/2017.

Silver:

The modified Coppock Silver indicator shown in Fig 7. This model generated a new buy signal late November 2016 and is invested in silver. This indicator is described in [Silver – Better Than Gold: A Modified Coppock Indicator for Silver](#).

MONTHLY UPDATES (next report 12/8/2017)

November 3, 2017

Unemployment

The unemployment rate recession model ([article link](#)), has been updated with the October UER of 4.1%. Based on the historic patterns of the unemployment rate indicators prior to recessions one can reasonably conclude that the U.S. economy is not likely to go into recession anytime soon. The growth rate UERg is at minus 11.13% (last month 11.13%) and EMA spread of the UER is at minus 0.29% (last month minus 0.25%). Here is the link to [the full update](#).

The Dynamic Linearly Detrended Enhanced Aggregate Spread:

The updated level of this indicator, -129bps (last months -114bps), confirms the January 20, 2017 signal. Based on past history a recession could start at the earliest in October 2017, but not later than May 2019. The average lead time to previous recessions provided by DAGS was 15 months which would indicate a recession start for April 2018.

Coppock Indicator for the S&P500

The Coppock indicator for the S&P500 entered the market end May 2017. This model is in stocks. This indicator is described [here](#).

CAPE-Cycle-ID

Fig 9a depicts the CAPE-Cycle-ID and the year-on-year rate-of-change of the Shiller CAPE. A model using this indicator invests in the market when the Cycle-ID is +2 or 0, and when the Cycle-ID equals -2 the model is in cash. This indicator is described [here](#).

Trade Weighted USD

The continued weakening of TW\$ value is seemingly halted for now.

TIAA Real Estate Account

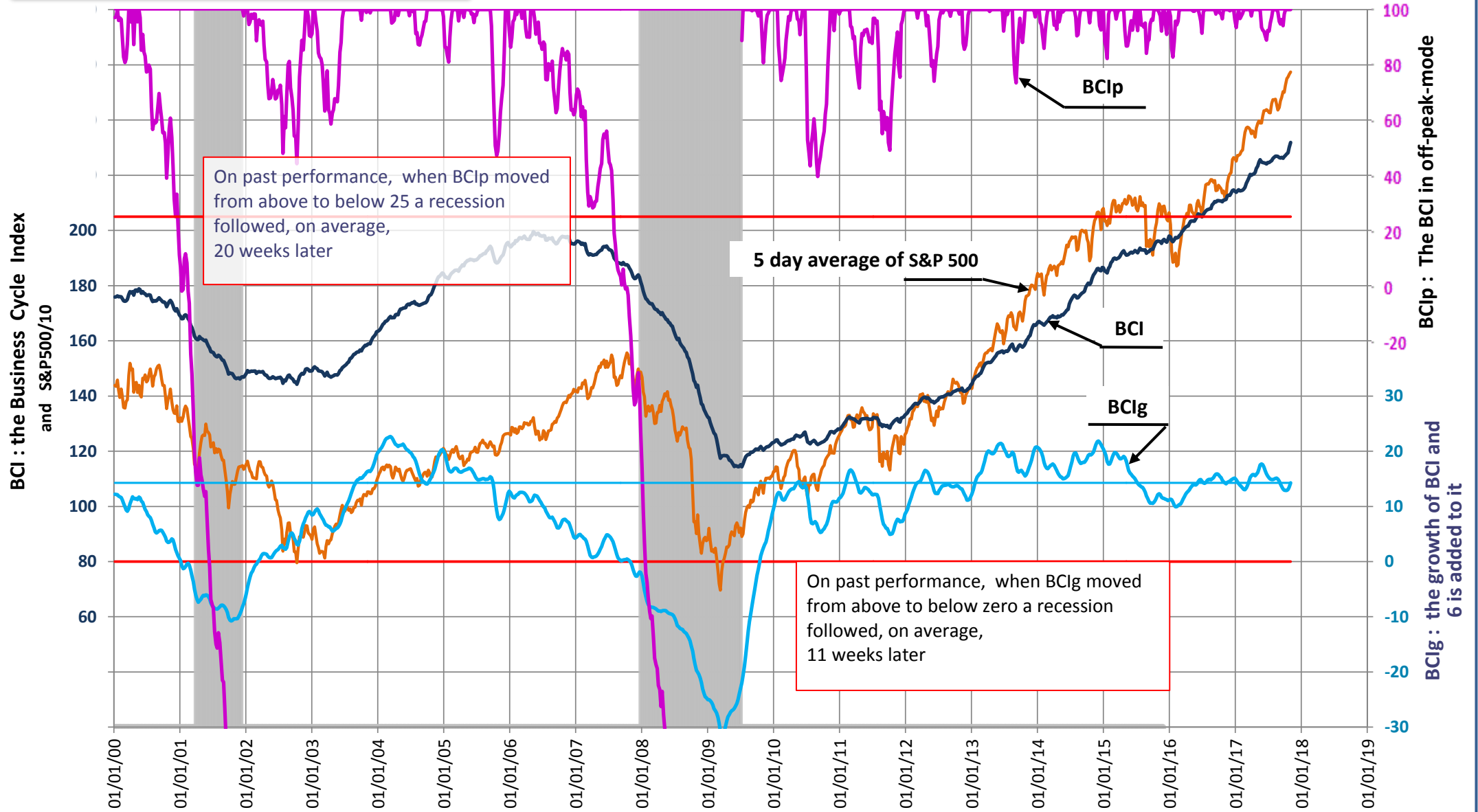
The 1-year rolling return for the end of last month is 4.64%. A sell signal is not imminent. [Read more ...](#)

iM's Business Cycle Index (BCI)

Date	10/05	10/12	10/19	10/26	11/02
BCIp	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
BCI	227.2	227.8	228.1	230.1	231.9
BCIg	12.9	12.9	13.0	13.5	14.3

BCIp, BCI and BCIG
updated to November 02, 2017

On past performance, BCIp = 100 can be interpreted as an average one year "time-to-live" to a recession.

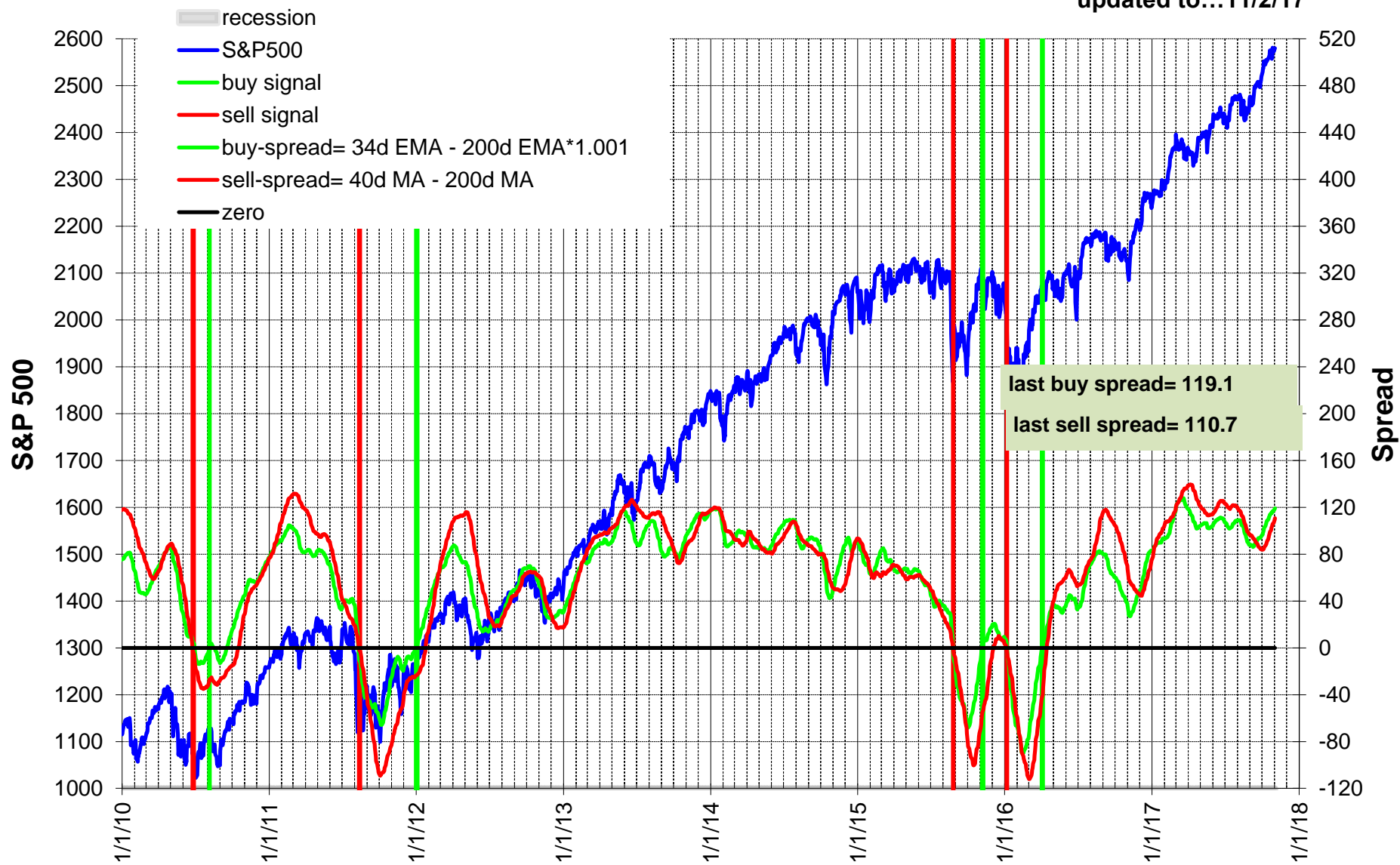


Please note: Past performance does not guarantee future returns, investments may increase or decrease in value and you may lose money using this model.

Figure 2: Buy and Sell signals for S&P 500 2010-16
from the modified golden-cross MAC-System



updated to...11/2/17





**Fig 2.1: Buy and Sell signals for the Australia All Ordinaries Index
from the MAC-AU System**

updated to Nov-3-17
last sell spread= 93.9

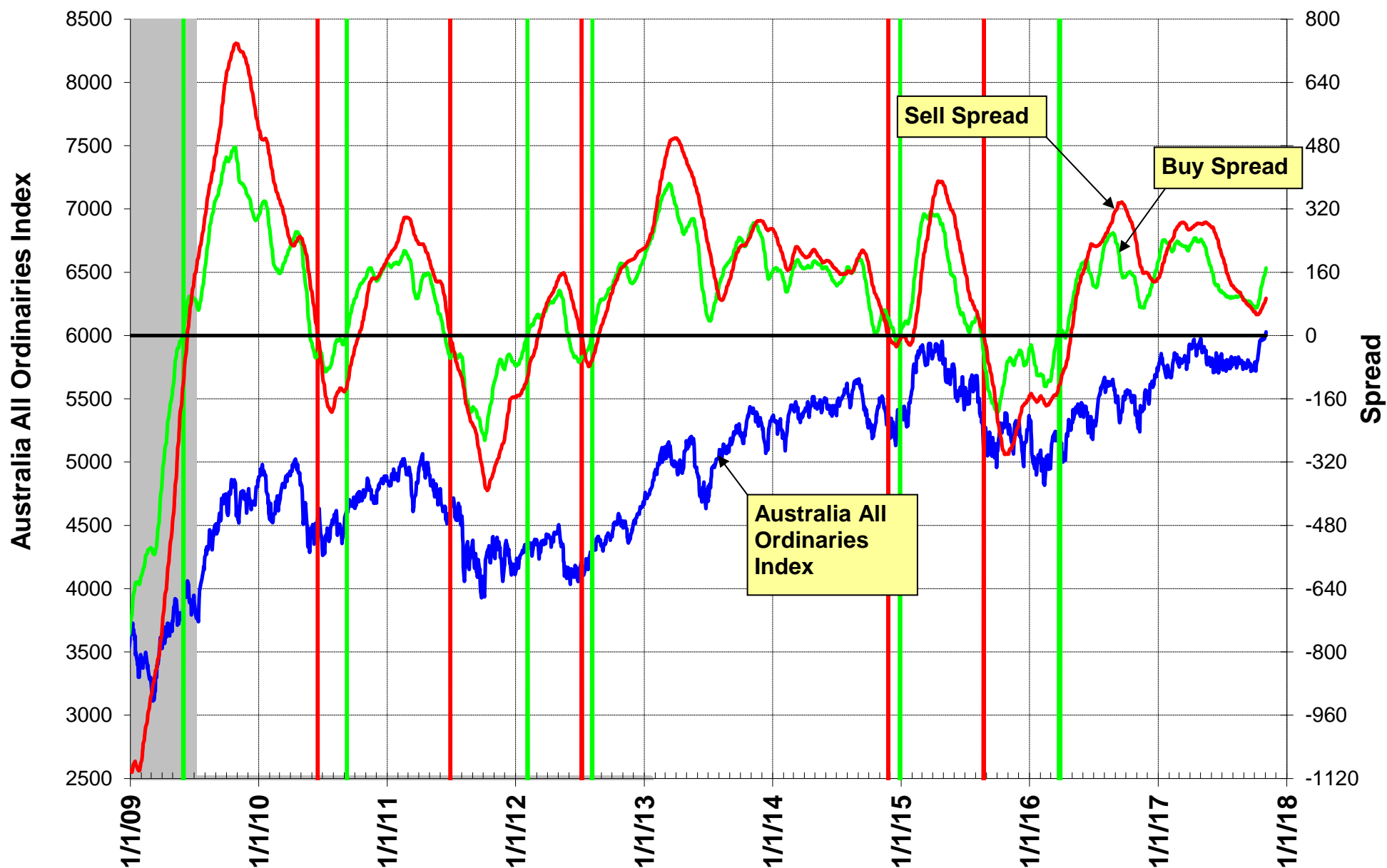


Fig 2.2 3-mo Hi-Lo Index of the S&P500 & 40-day SMA of Index

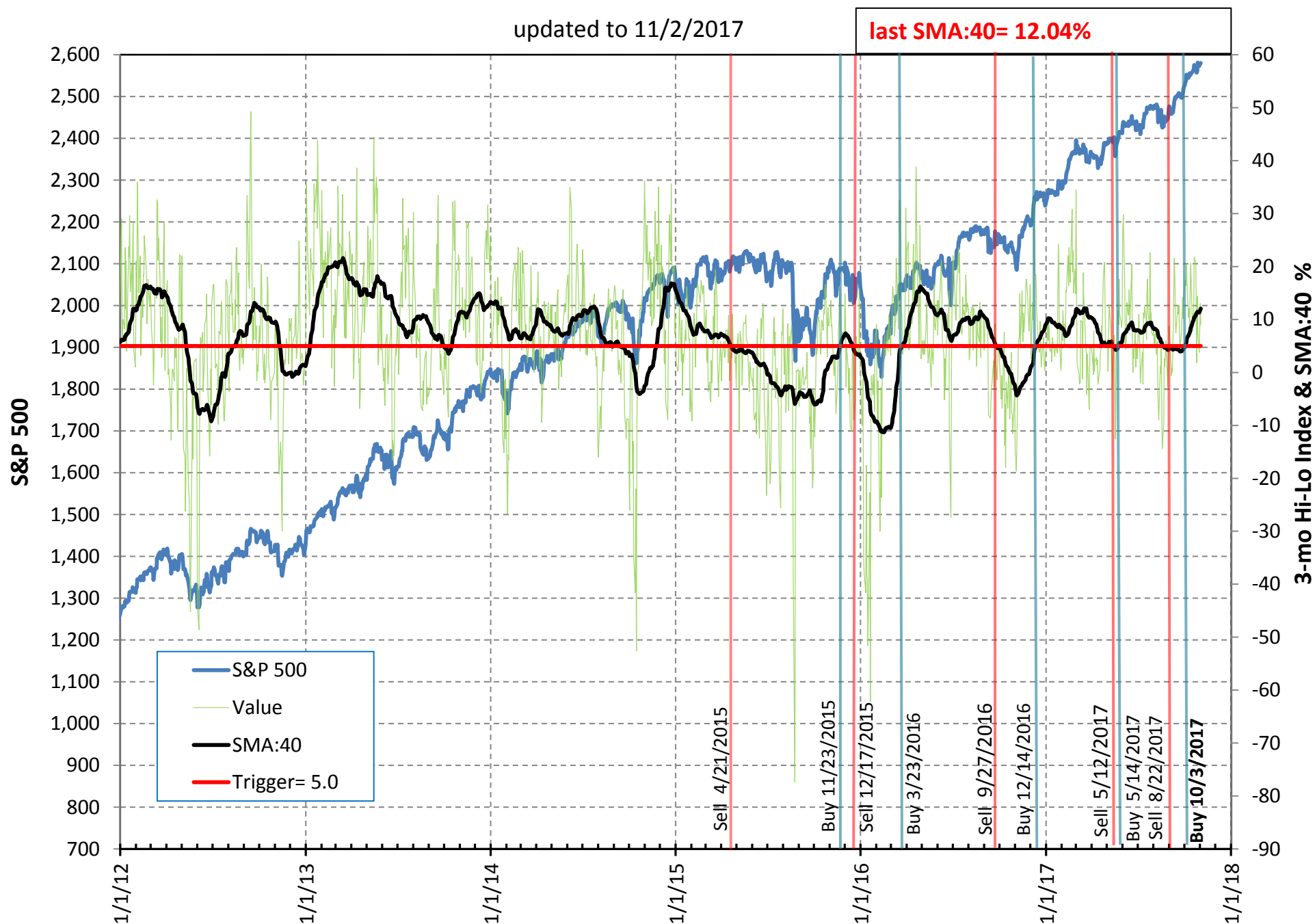


Fig. 3: COMP Leading Indicator of US Economy 1969-2016

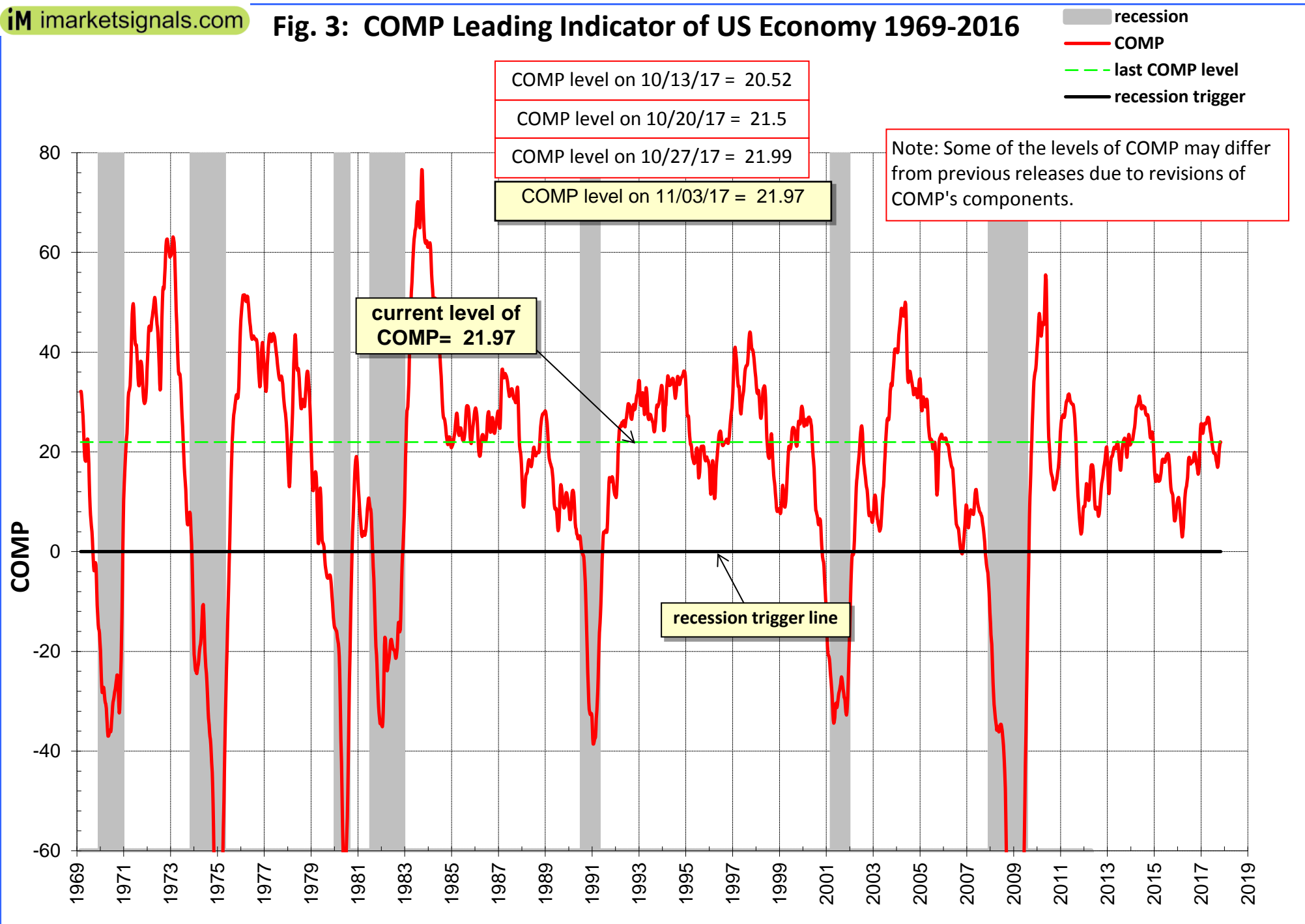


Fig 3.1: iM-BCIg 1969-2016

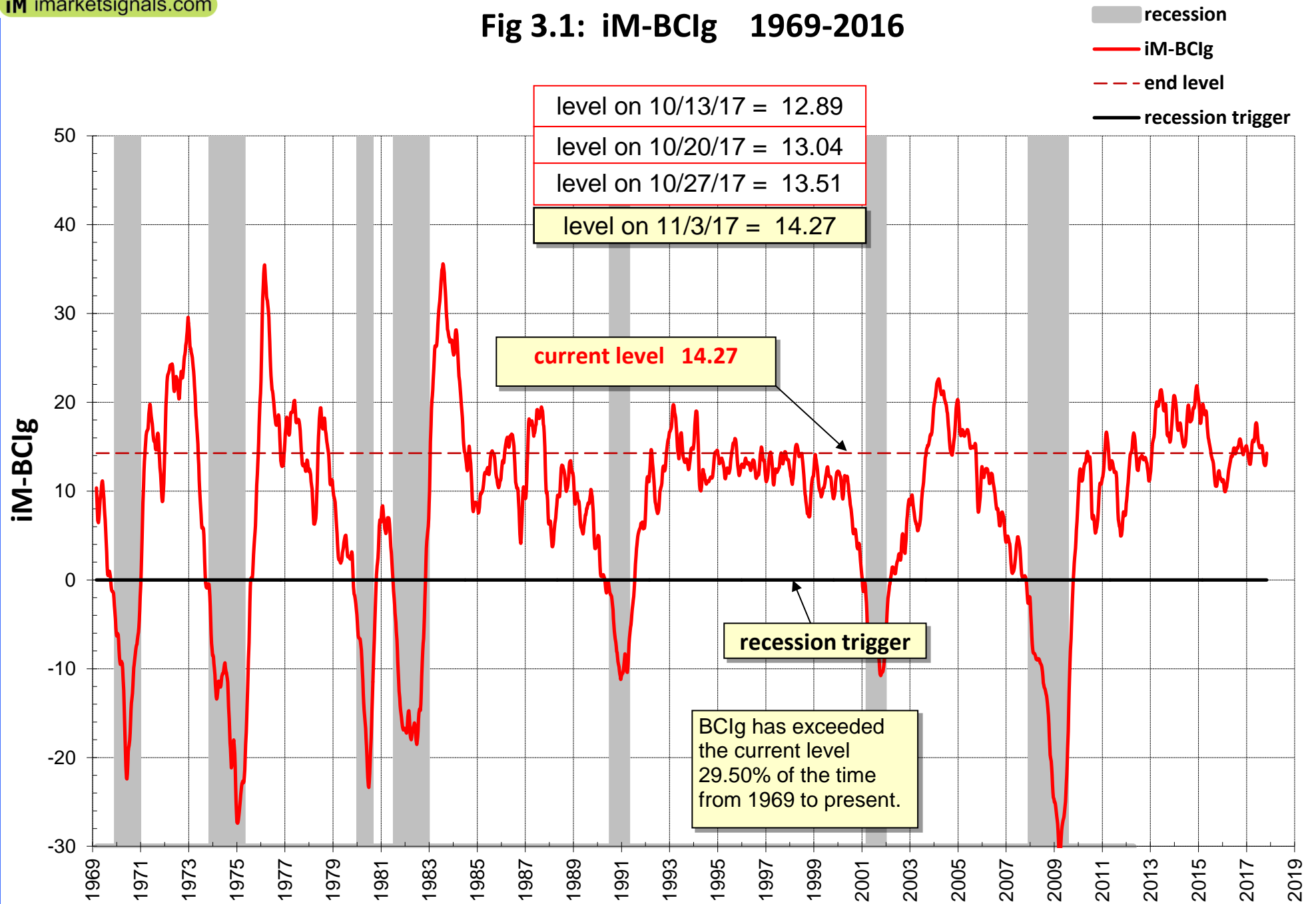


Figure 3.2: Forward Rate Ratio FRR2-10 - leads to Recessions

FRR2-10 is the ratio of the rate at which one can lock in borrowing for the eight year period starting two years from now, and the ten-year rate itself.

The FRR2-10 is indicative of the slope of the yield curve between the two-year and the ten-year note yields; a FRR2-10 greater than 1.00 indicates a positively sloped yield curve (ten-year note yields are higher than two-year note yields); a FRR2-10 less than 1.00 indicates an inversion of the yield curve (two-year note yields are higher than ten-year note yields).

The last seven recessions were all preceded by a FRR2-10 less than 1.0

Recessions start	Recessions end	Date when EMA of FRR2-10 less than 1.0	Lead to Ression start (weeks)	Lead to Ression start (years)
Jan-70	Nov-70	5/1/68	87	1.68
Dec-73	Mar-75	3/6/73	39	0.75
Feb-80	Jul-80	10/9/78	69	1.32
Aug-81	Nov-82	11/3/80	39	0.75
Aug-90	Mar-91	2/22/89	75	1.44
Apr-01	Nov-01	3/17/00	54	1.05
Jan-08	Jun-09	8/29/06	70	1.35

updated to 11/02/2017
EMA of FRR2-10 = 1.09

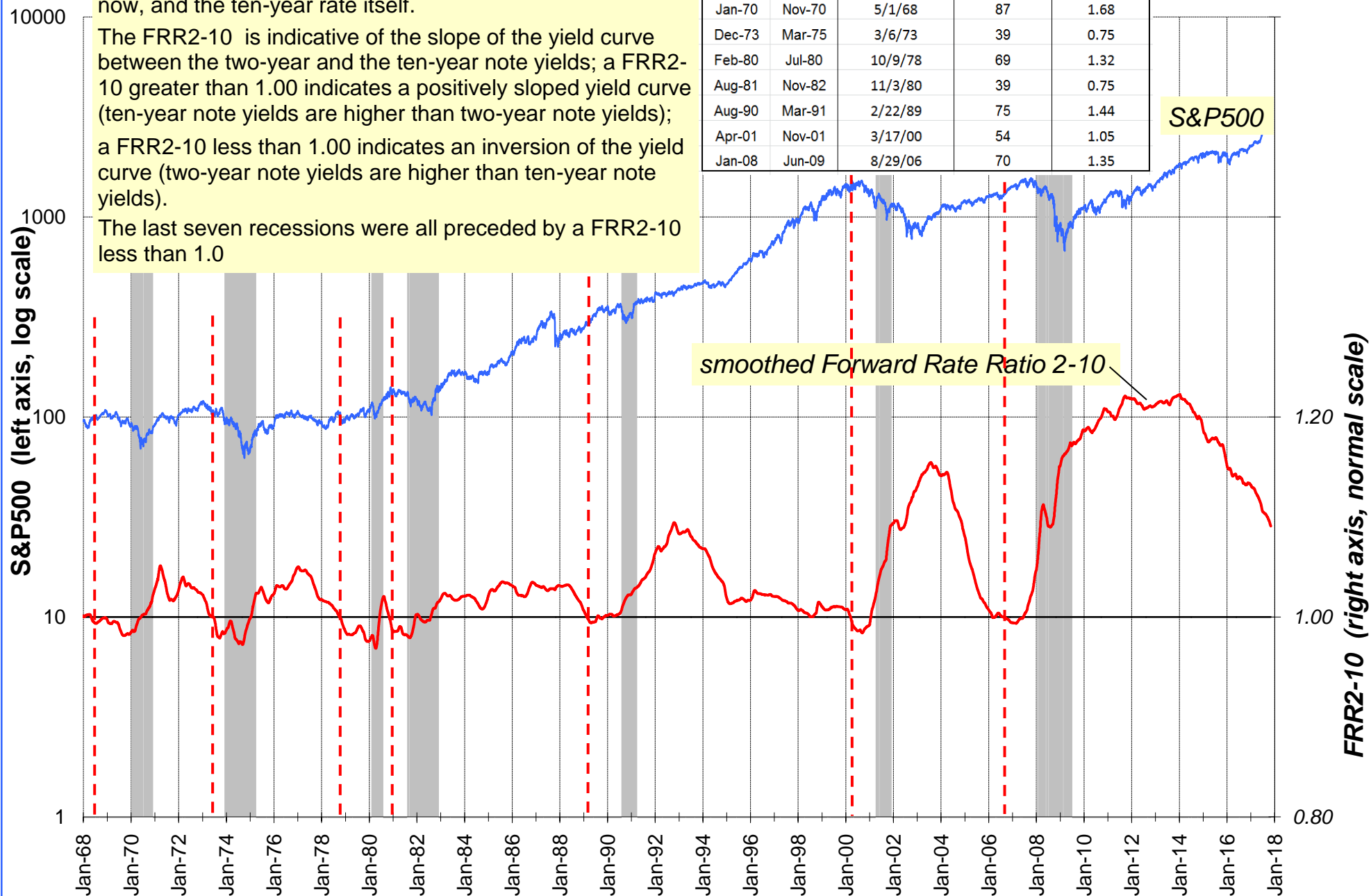


Figure 4: Bond Value Ratio (BVR) from 2005 to 2017

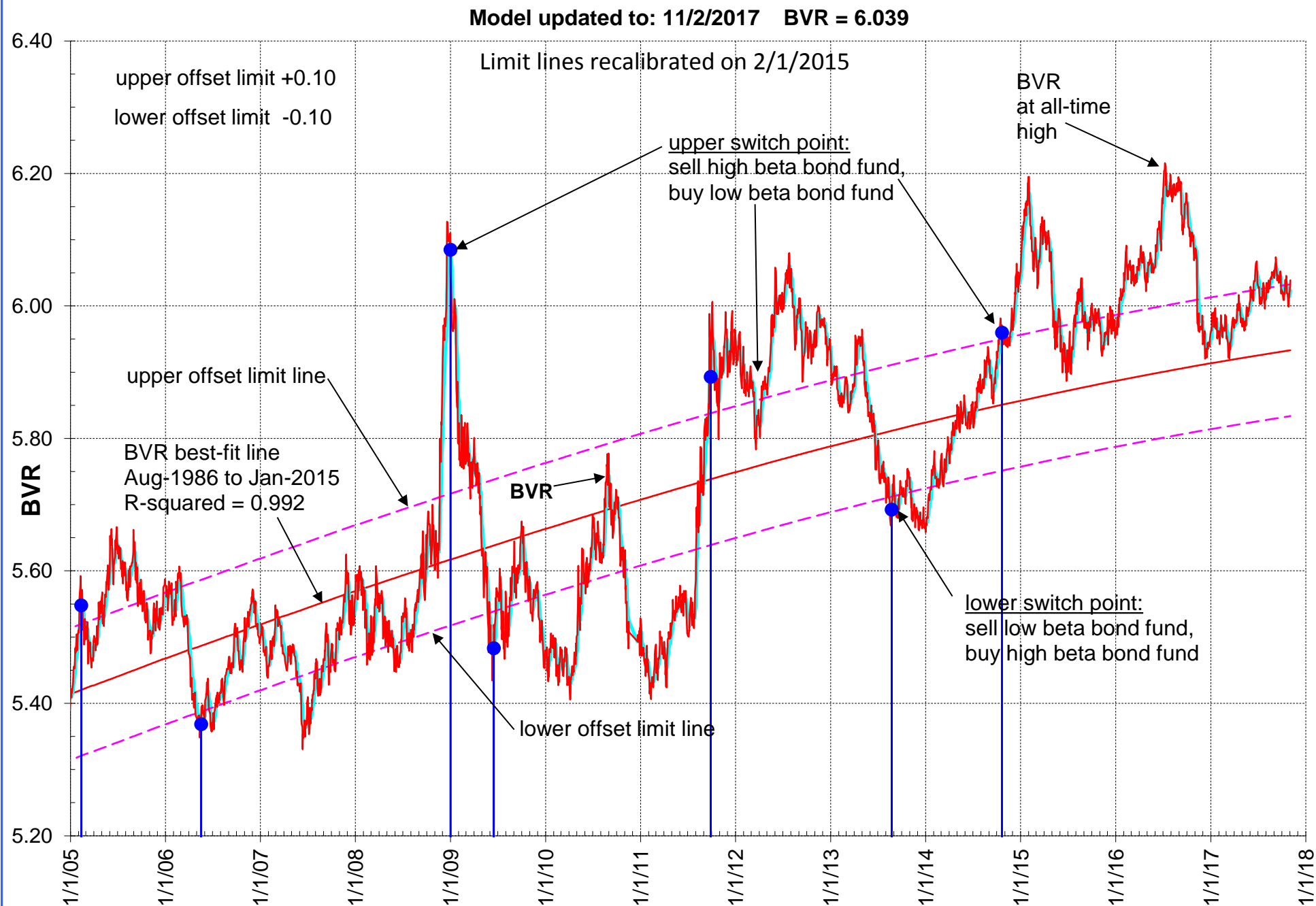


Figure 5: i10 - i2 Updated to.....11/2/17

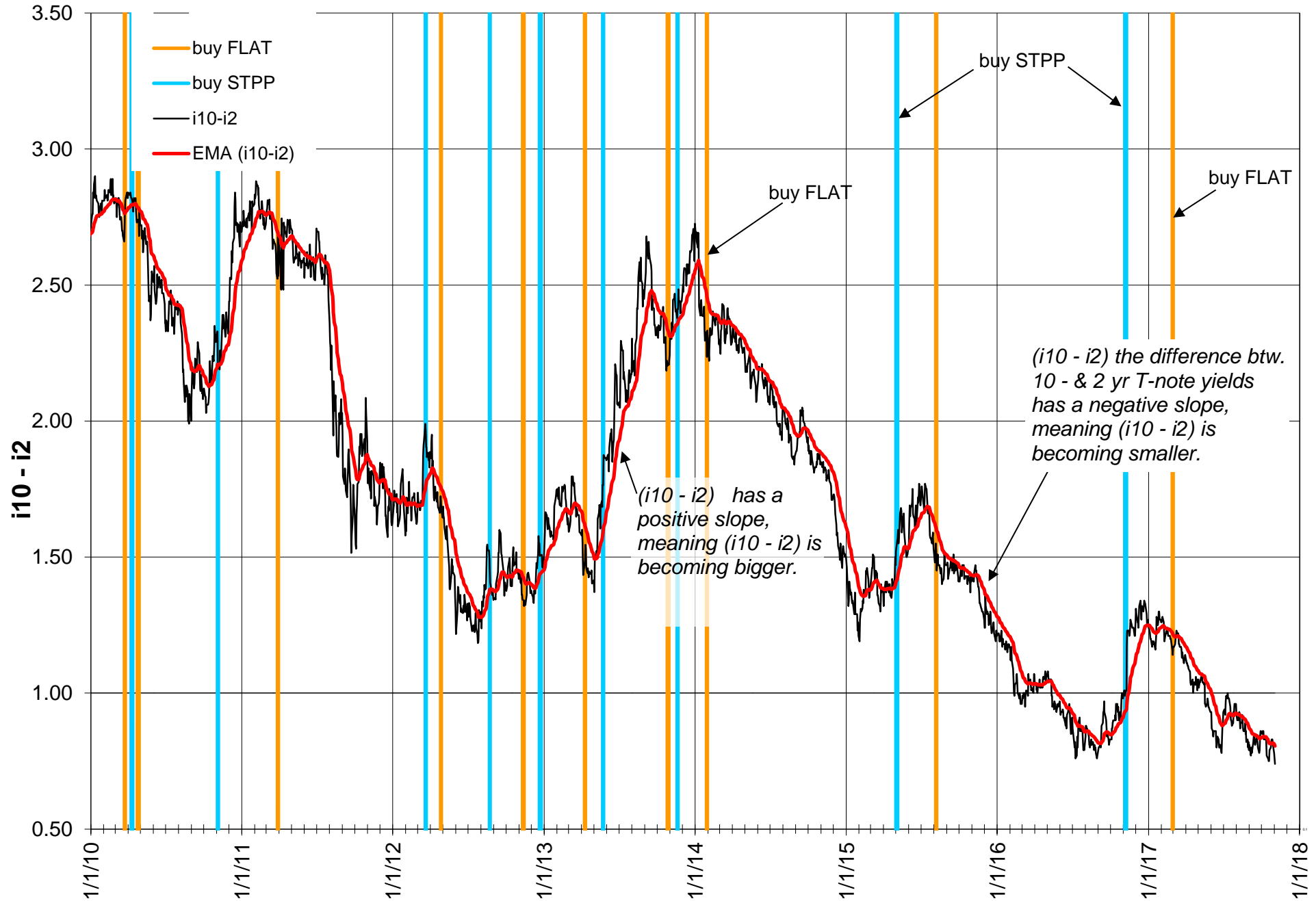


Figure 6: Modified Coppock Indicator for Gold 2009-2017

updated to 11/03/2017

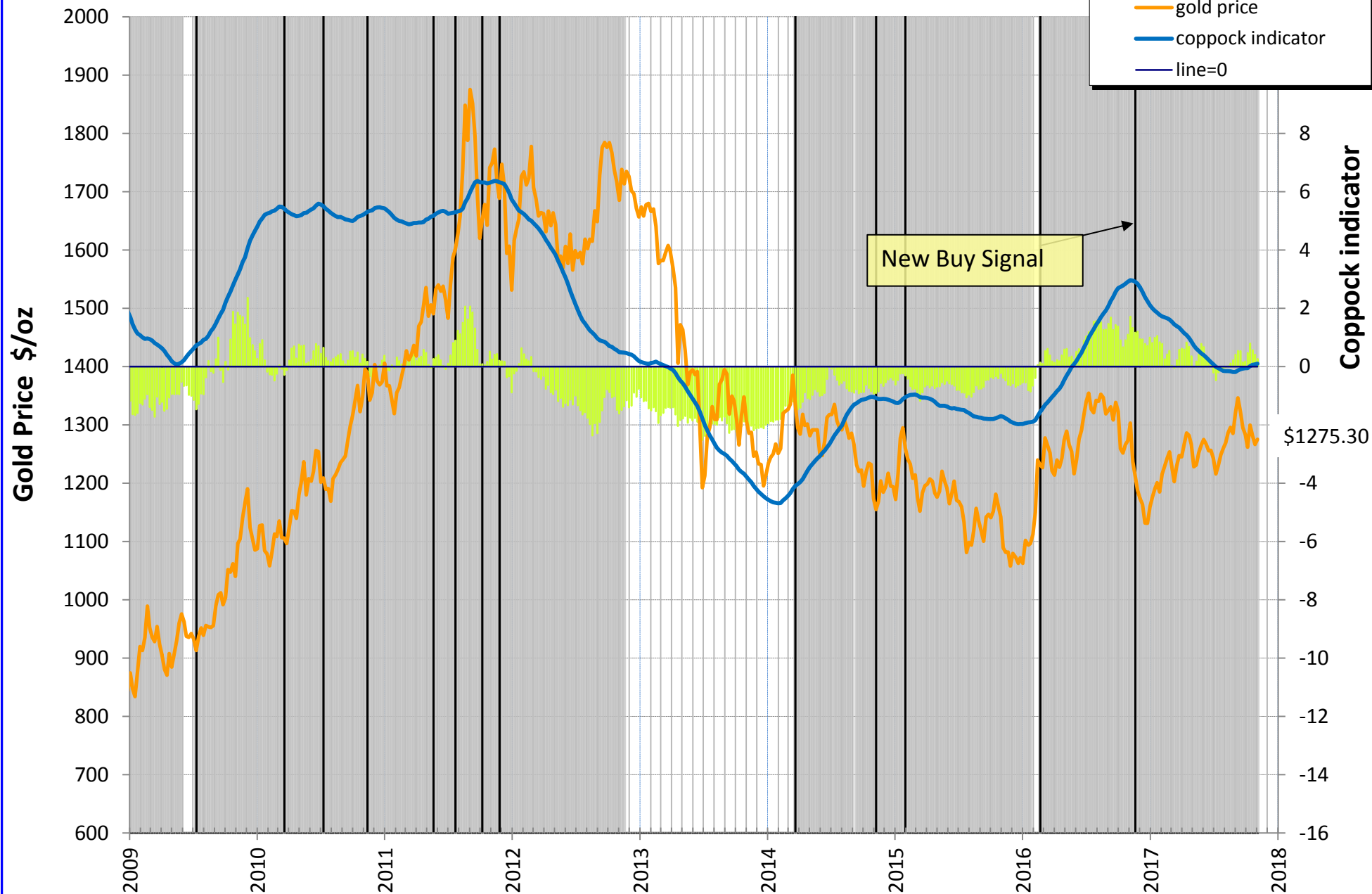


Fig. 6.1a iM GOLD-TIMER - Rev 1

Updated to: 11/2/2017

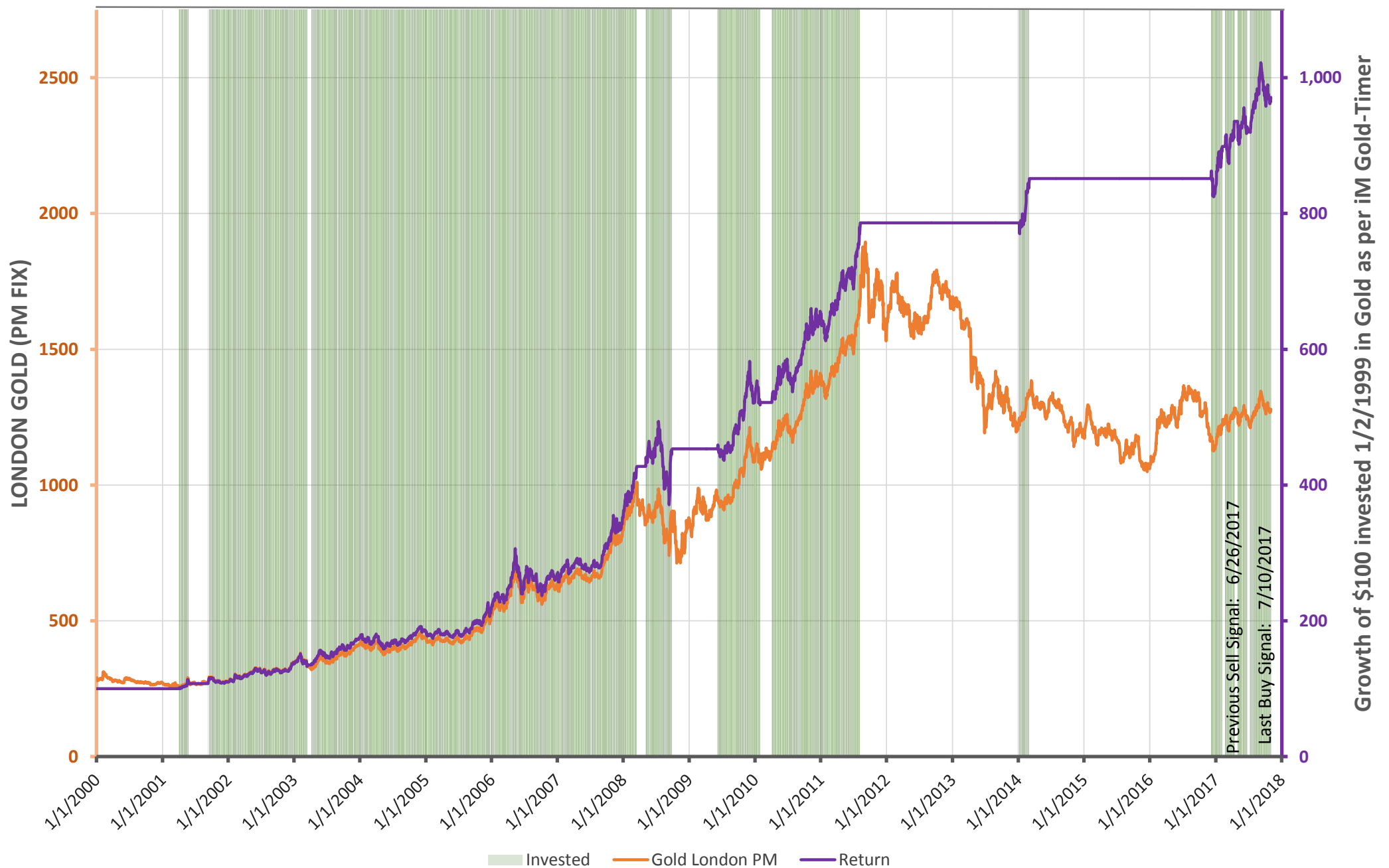


Figure 7: Modified Coppock Indicator for Silver 2009-2017

updated to 11/03/2017

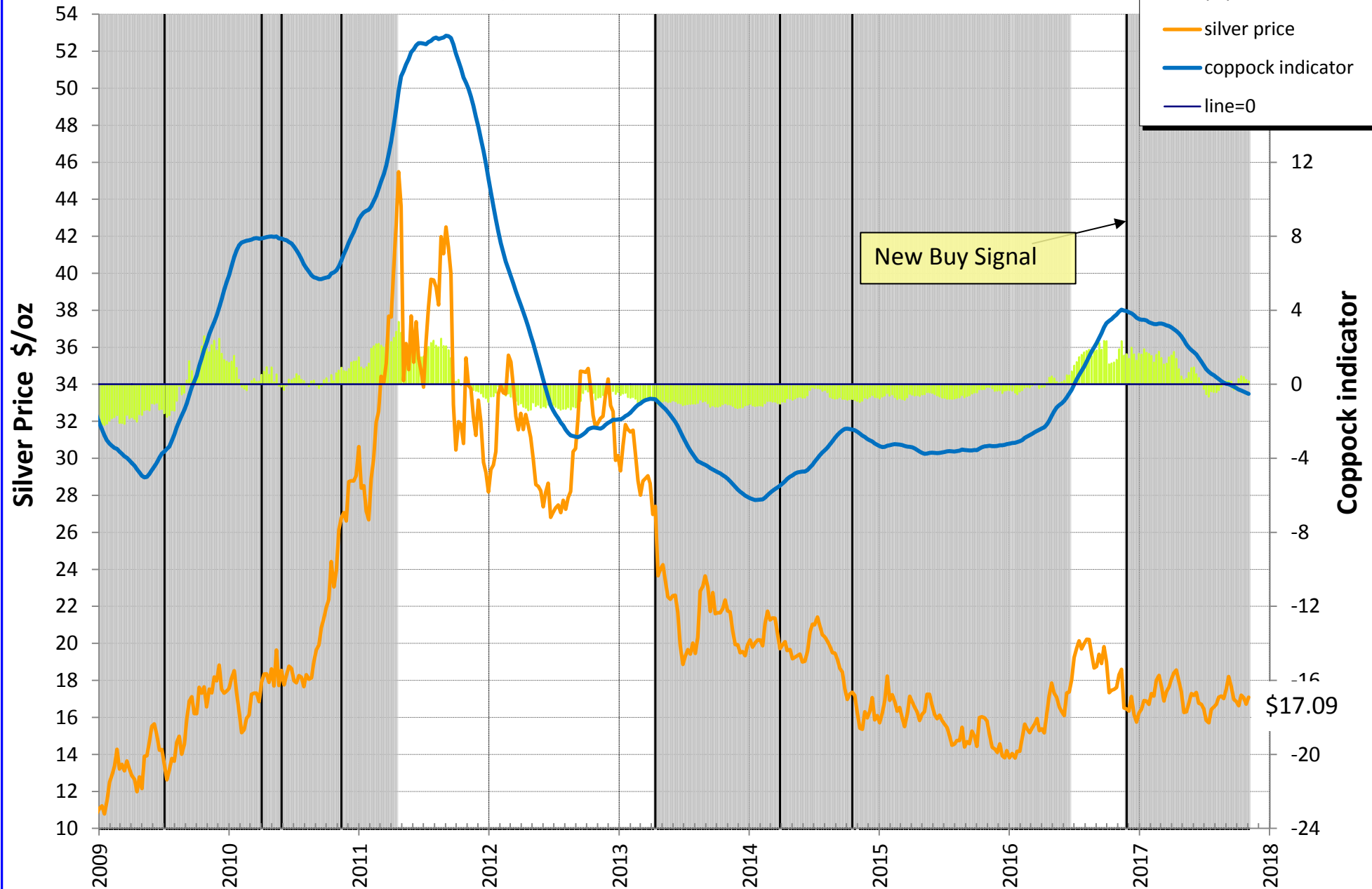


Fig-8 Unemployment Rate and Recessions (real-time) 2000-2017

Leads to recession starts and to recession ends are positive numbers in weeks, lags are negative numbers.

updated to 12-1-2017 with October UER= 4.1%

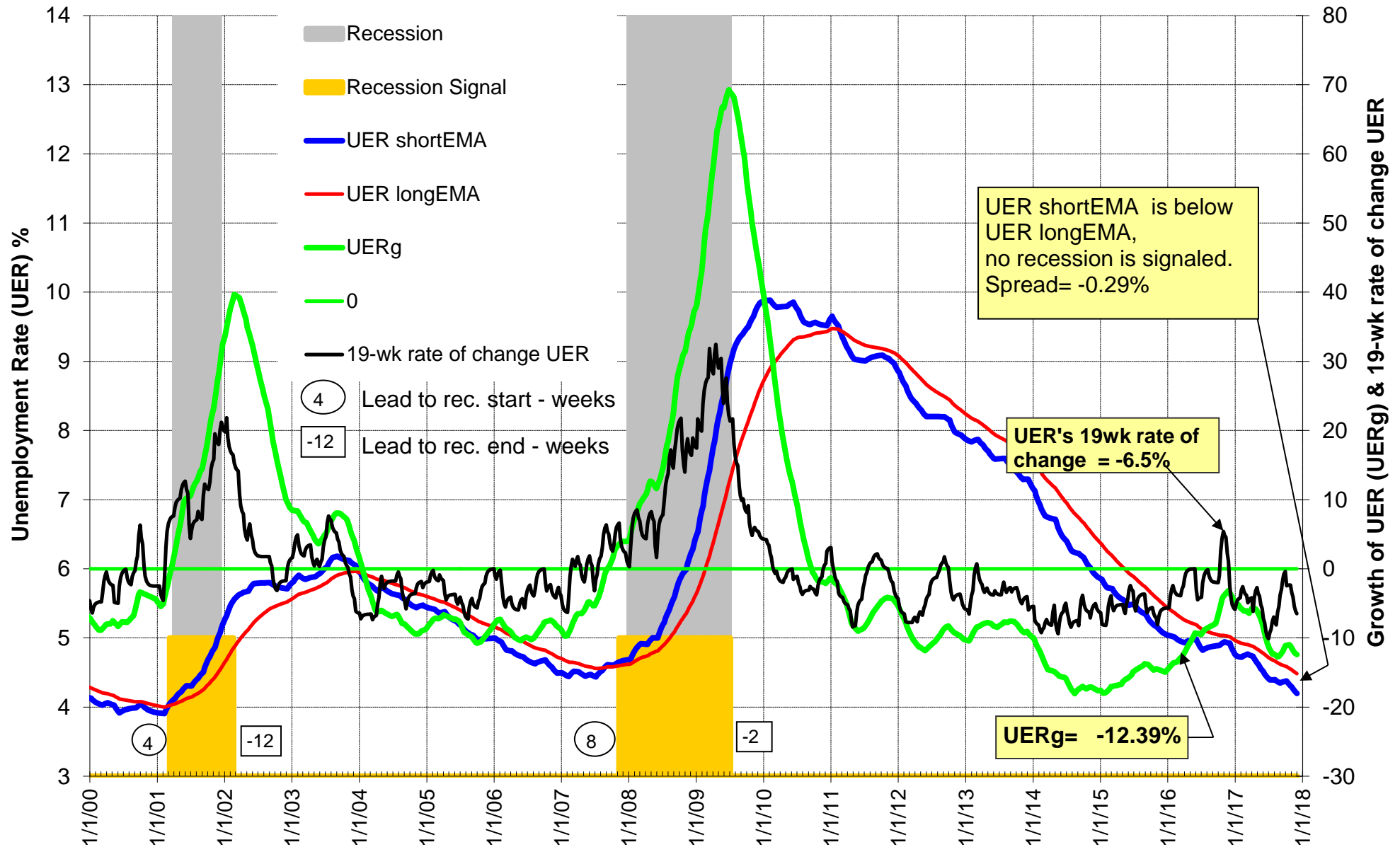


Fig-9 Modified Coppock Indicator for S&P500
2005-2017

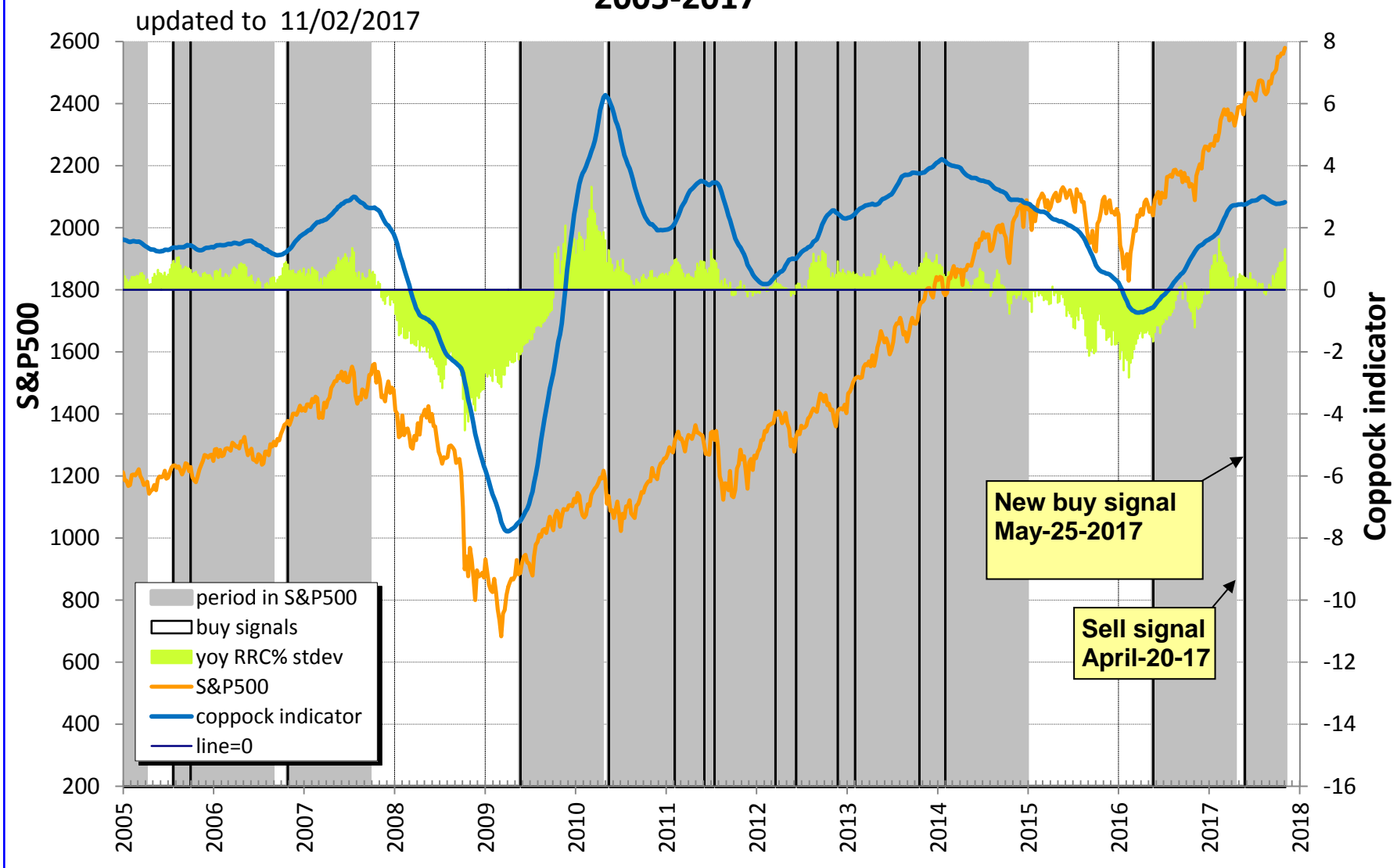
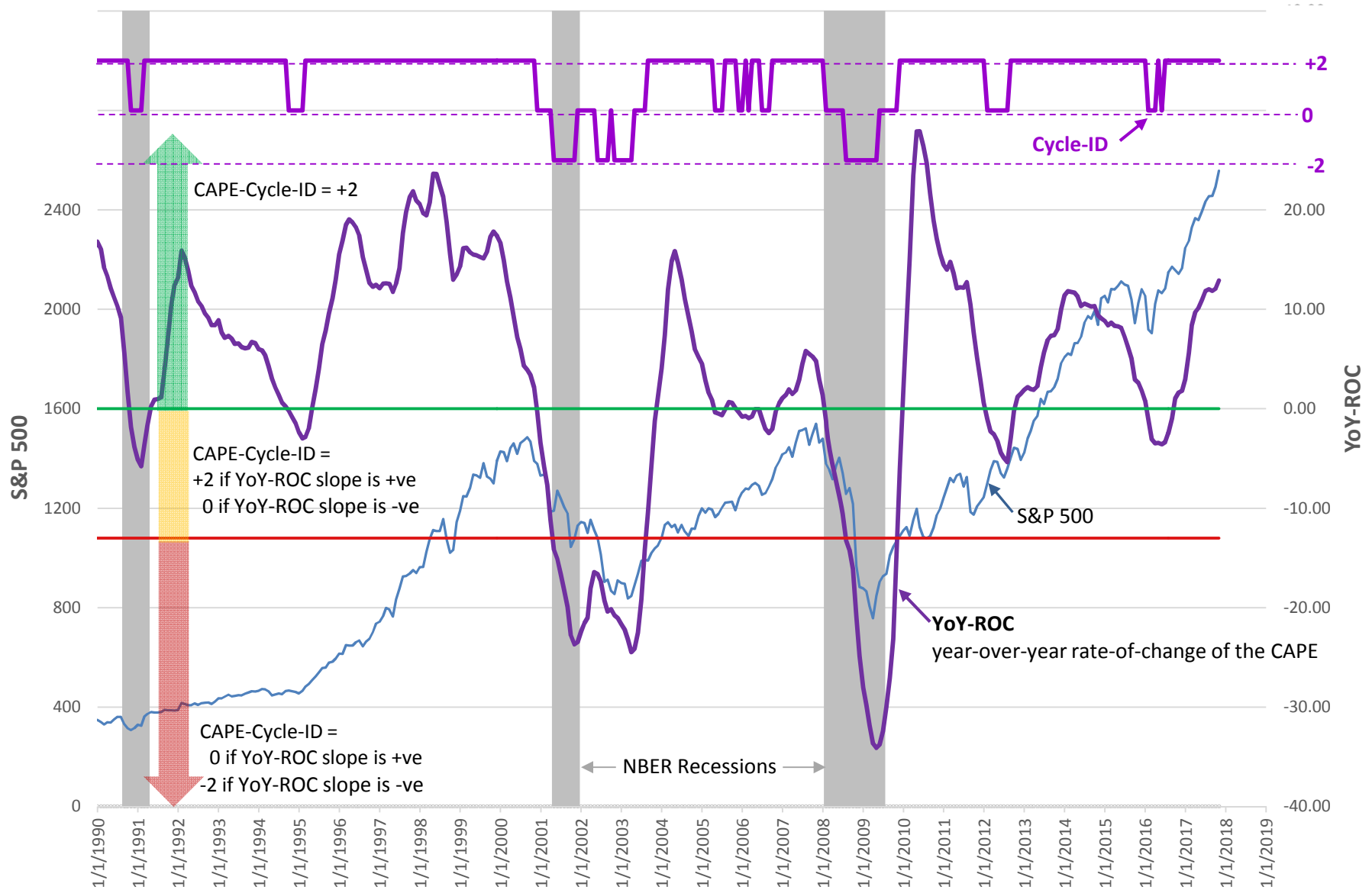


Fig. 9a CAPE-Cycle-ID and the YoY-ROC from 1990

updated to 10/31/2017

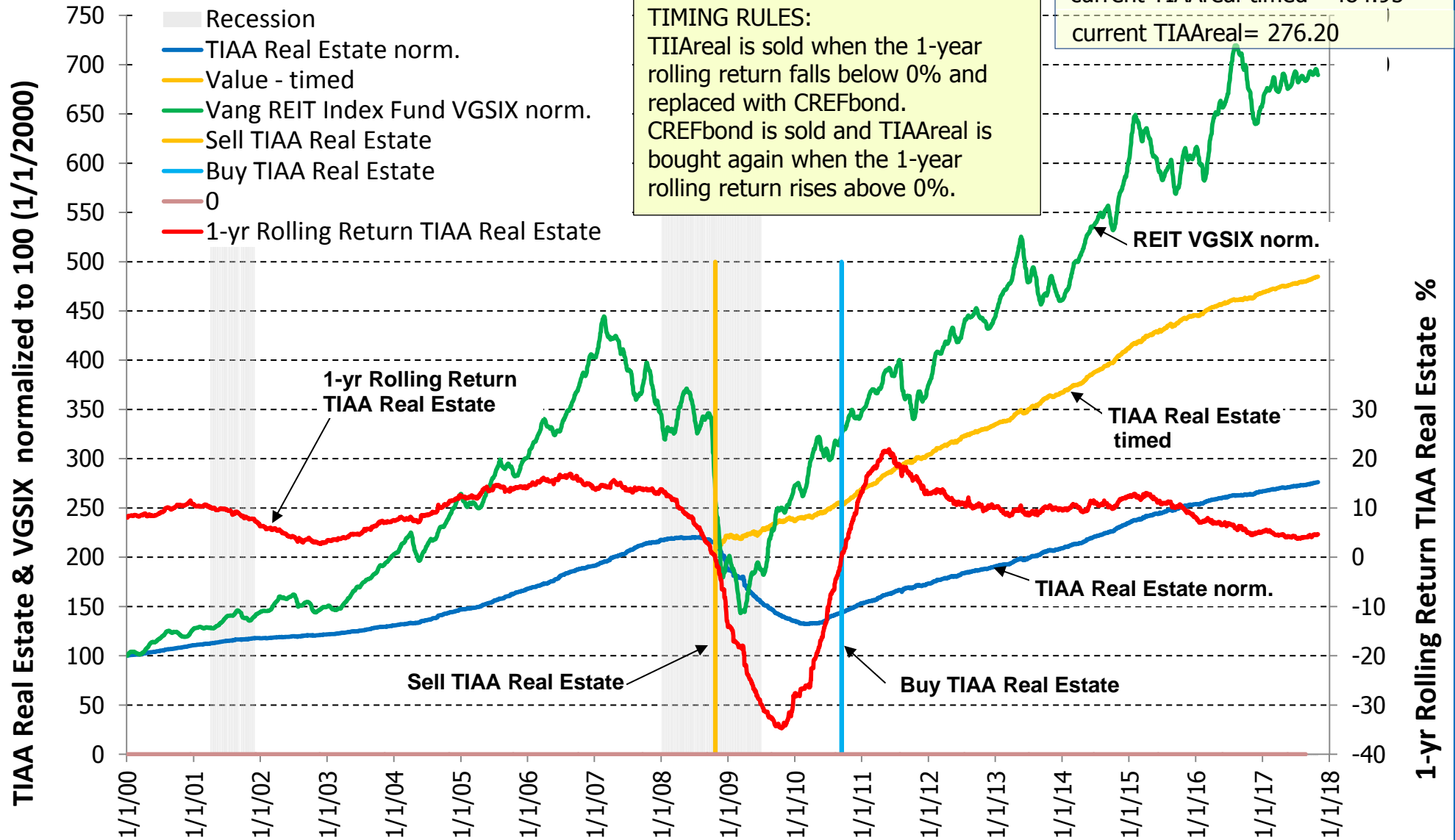


TIAA Real Estate Account vs. Vanguard REIT Index Fund (VGSIX) 2000 - 2016

updated to 10/31/17, TIAAreal current 1-year rolling return= 4.64%

current TIAAreal-timed= 484.95

current TIAAreal= 276.20

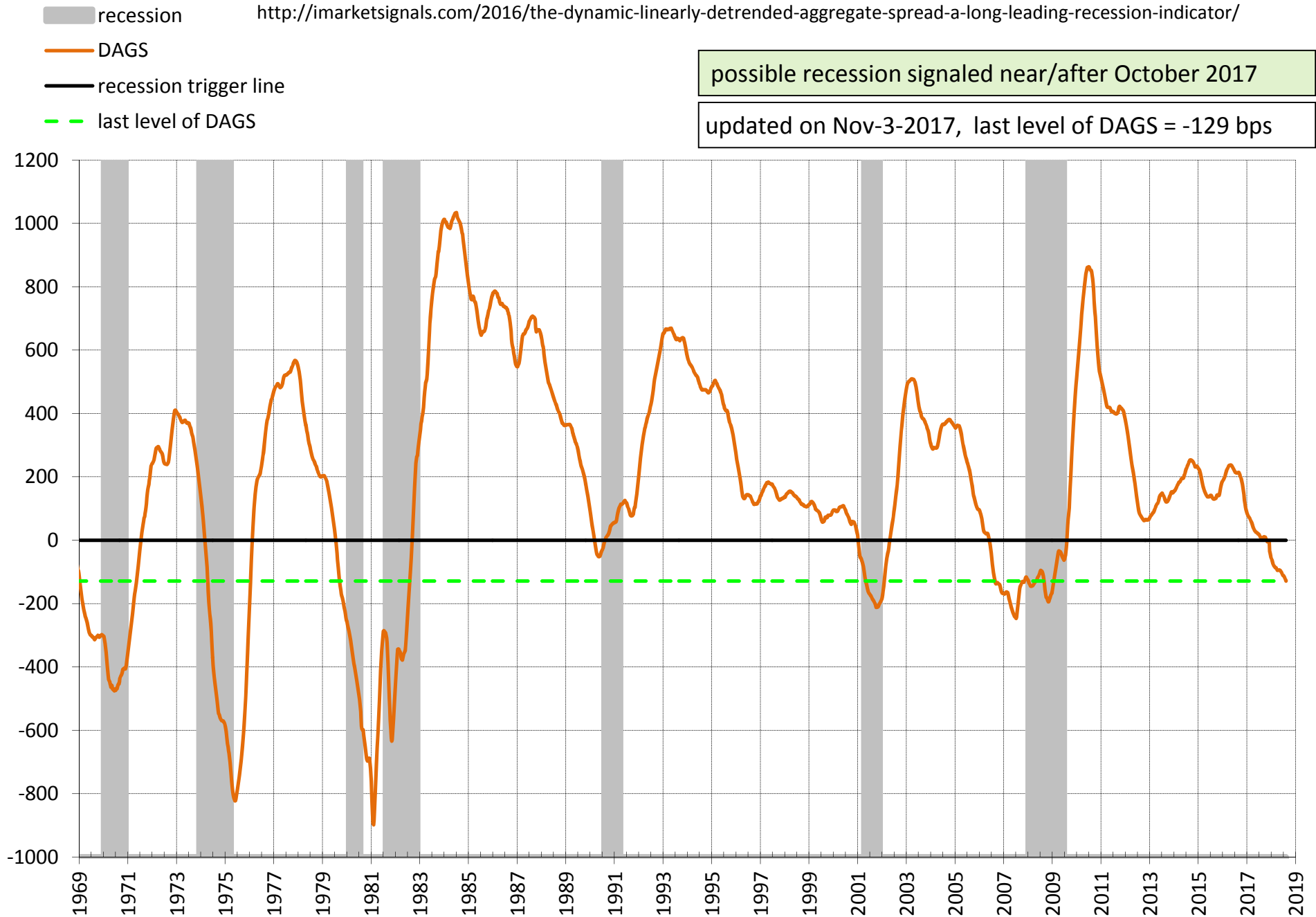


Long Leading Recession Indicator DAGS: shifted forward in time by 40 weeks

<http://imarketsignals.com/2016/the-dynamic-linearly-detrended-aggregate-spread-a-long-leading-recession-indicator/>

possible recession signaled near/after October 2017

updated on Nov-3-2017, last level of DAGS = -129 bps



Updated to Oct 26, 2017

Trade Weighted US Dollar and Interest Rates

